MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Product and Company Identification

Material name Worthington SilPhos Brazing Rod 5% Silver

Version # 01

Issue date 18-June-2013

Revision date - Supersedes date -

CAS # Mixture

MSDS Number WC022

Product use Brazing rod.

Manufacturer information

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Cylinder Corporation

Address 1690 Lowery Street

Winston-Salem, NC 27101

United States

Contact Person: Melissa Grimes

Melissa.Grimes@worthingtonindustries.com

Telephone Number: 336-831-8601 **CHEMTREC - 24 HOURS:** (800) 424-9300

2. Hazards Identification

Physical state Solid.

Appearance Metallic wire, rod or strip.

Emergency overview WARNING

May cause eye and skin irritation. May cause severe respiratory tract irritation. Harmful if

swallowed. Molten material will produce thermal burns.

OSHA regulatory status

This product is considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication).

Potential health effects

Routes of exposure Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to

the eyes.

Skin May cause skin irritation. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.

Inhalation Can cause severe respiratory irritation. Lung damage and possible pulmonary edema can result

from dust exposure. Inhalation of fumes may cause a flu-like illness called metal fume fever.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of dusts generated during working operations may cause nausea

and vomiting. Copper poisoning can result in hemolytic anemia and kidney, liver and spleen

damage.

Target organs Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system Kidney. Liver. Blood.

Chronic effects Long-term exposure to copper compounds may cause anemia. Ingestion of silver may cause a

permanently benign bluish gray discoloration to the skin (argyria). Prolonged exposure to silver may cause damage to the nasal septum. Prolonged and repeated overexposure to dust and fumes

can lead to benign pneumoconiosis (stannosis).

Signs and symptoms Dust and fumes may irritate eyes, skin and upper respiratory tract. Contact with molten material

may cause thermal burns.

Potential environmental effects Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product contains a

substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Components	CAS#	Percent	
Copper	7440-50-8	89	

Worthington SilPhos Brazing Rod 5% Silver

CPH MSDS NA

Components	CAS#	Percent
Phosphorous	7723-14-0	6
Silver	7440-22-4	5

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First Aid Measures

First aid procedures

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses. Get

medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If skin

rash or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.

Inhalation Immediately remove from further exposure. Get immediate medical assistance. For those

providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. Give supplemental oxygen, if available. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a

mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Ingestion Immediately rinse mouth and drink a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who

is unconscious or is having convulsions. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical

personnel. Get medical attention immediately.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Symptoms may

be delayed.

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable properties Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an

explosive mixture with air.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

surrounding materials.

Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

media

Protection of firefighters

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire or high temperatures create: Metal oxides.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear

protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this MSDS. Do not touch damaged containers or

spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.

If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National

Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods for cleaning up For a dry material spill, use a HEPA (high efficiency particle air) vacuum to collect material and

place in a sealable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Recover and recycle, if practical.

Keep out of water supplies and sewers.

Other information Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

CPH MSDS NA

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not get this material on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

Any surface that comes in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated and rust free. Inadvertent contaminants to product such as moisture, ice, snow, grease, or oil can cause an explosion when charged to a molten metal bath or metal furnace (preheating metal will remove moisture from product).

Storage

Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Ai	r Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.	1000)	
	_		F

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	PEL	0.1 mg/m3	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	PEL	0.01 mg/m3	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.	
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.	
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3		
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3		

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	STEL	0.03 mg/m3	
	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.

CPH MSDS NA

3/8

913564 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 18-June-2013

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Maxina Compational Exposure	Limit Values		

Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	STEL	2 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		2 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	STEL	0.3 mg/m3	
,	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	

Engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of dust. Keep melting/soldering temperatures as low as possible to minimize the generation of fume. Shower, hand and eye washing facilities near the workplace are recommended.

Personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Wear a face shield when working with molten

material.

Skin protection

Chemical resistant clothing is recommended. Heat resistant/insulated gloves and clothing are

recommended when working with molten material.

Respiratory protection

Use a respirator when local exhaust or ventilation is not adequate to keep exposures below the OEL. In a confined space a supplied respirator may be required. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Metallic wire, rod or strip.

Physical stateSolid.FormWire.

Color Not available.
Odor Odorless.
Odor threshold Not Applicable
pH Not Applicable
Vapor pressure Not Applicable.
Vapor density Not Applicable.
Boiling point Not available.

Melting point/Freezing point 1178.42 °F (636.9 °C)

Solubility (water) Not soluble

Specific gravity 7.75

Flash point Not Applicable.
Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume

Not available.

Flammability limits in air,

Not available.

lower, % by volume

Auto-ignition temperature Not Applicable.

Other data

Explosive limit - lower (%)

temperature

Not applicable

temperature

Explosive limit - upper (%) temperature

Not applicable

10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid molten metal contact with water.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizers, strong acids, and strong bases. Acetylene. Magnesium. Ammonium nitrate.

Hydrogen sulfide.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Toxic metal oxides are emitted when heated above the melting point.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

Toxicological data

Components	Species	Test Results	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)			
Acute			
Oral			
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
Sensitization	No sensitizing effects known.		
Acute effects	metal fume fever. When heate Acute overexposure to Coppe and under severe fume overex sweet metal taste, dry throat, vision, back pain, nausea, vor Copper may cause skin and h	High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of metal fume fever. When heated, the vapors/fumes given off may cause respiratory tract irritation. Acute overexposure to Copper dust/fume can cause irritation of the eyes, nose, throat, and skin and under severe fume overexposure can cause metal fume fever with flu-like symptoms such as sweet metal taste, dry throat, coughing, fever and chills, tight chest, dyspnea, headache, blurred vision, back pain, nausea, vomiting, fatigue. Symptoms usually disappear within 24 hours. Copper may cause skin and hair discoloration. Inhalation of copper dusts may change the gums and mucous lining of the mouth which is generally attributable to localized tissue effect rather than general toxicity.	
Local effects		chanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to and respiratory tract. Molten material will produce thermal burns.	
Chronic effects		exposure to dust and fumes can lead to benign pneumoconiosis may cause a permanently benign bluish gray discoloration to the	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinog	enicity to humans.	
Epidemiology	No data available.		
Mutagenicity	No data available.		
Reproductive effects	No data available.		
Further information	No other specific acute or chro	onic health impact noted.	

12. Ecological Information

_				
Fco	toxi	colo	aical	data

Components		Species	Test Results
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia obtusa)	0.0076 - 0.026 mg/l, 48 hours
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-1	4-0)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.025 - 0.037 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	0.002 - 0.006 mg/l, 96 hours

Worthington SilPhos Brazing Rod 5% Silver CPH MSDS NA

Components **Species Test Results**

Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

Aquatic

EC50 Crustacea Water flea (Daphnia magna) 0.0002 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 0.0023 - 0.0033 mg/l. 96 hours

Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product contains a **Ecotoxicity**

substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

Environmental effects No data available for this product. Persistence and degradability The product is not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation /

Accumulation

No data available.

Mobility in environmental

media

Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste codes D011: Waste Silver

Product contains silver a hazardous waste constituent regulated under 40 CFR 261.24.

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Scrapped material should be sent for refining to recover precious metal content. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and

explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.

14. Transport Information

DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

15. Regulatory Information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Spill: Reportable quantity

Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substance: Threshold Planning Quantity

Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0) 100 lbs

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: De minimis concentration

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) 1.0 % Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0) 1.0 % 1.0 % Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Listed. Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0) Listed. Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Listed.

CPH MSDS NA

CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity (lbs) (40 CFR 302.4)

Copper: 5000 Phosphorous: 1 Silver: 1000

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

No

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

> Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

Section 302 extremely hazardous substance (40

CFR 355, Appendix A)

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

Not controlled

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) (21 CFR

1308.11-15)

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS

contains all the information required by the CPR.

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

WHMIS status Controlled

WHMIS classification D2B - Other Toxic Effects-TOXIC

Inventory name

WHMIS labeling



Inventory status

Australia

Country(s) or region

Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	Yes

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory *A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

State regulations

This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

(PICCS)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Listed. Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0) Listed. Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Listed.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Listed. Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0) Listed. Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Listed.

Worthington SilPhos Brazing Rod 5% Silver CPH MSDS NA

On inventory (yes/no)*

Yes

Yes

US - Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances: All compounds of this substance are considered environmental hazards

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) LISTED Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) LISTED

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)

Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

Listed.

Listed.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) 500 lbs Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0) 100 lbs Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) 500 lbs

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

 Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)
 Listed.

 Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)
 Listed.

 Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)
 Listed.

Mexico regulations This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with the Official Mexican Standard

(NOM-018-STPS-2000).

16. Other Information

Further information HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

HMIS® ratings Health: 2*

Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

DisclaimerAll information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However,

no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all

applicable laws and regulations.

Worthington SilPhos Brazing Rod 5% Silver

913564 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 18-June-2013

CPH MSDS NA